

Office of the Secretary, Commerce

§ 22.11

(b) The hearing shall conform to § 102.3(c) of the Federal Claims Collection Standards (4 CFR 102.3(c)).

(c)(1) If the Secretary's determination regarding the existence or amount of the debt is contested, the burden is on the employee to demonstrate that the Secretary's determination was erroneous.

(2) If the hearing official finds the Secretary's determination of the amount of the debt was erroneous, the hearing official shall indicate the amount owed by the employee, if any.

(d)(1) If the Secretary's offset schedule is contested, the burden is on the employee to demonstrate that the payments called for under the Secretary's schedule will produce an extreme financial hardship for the employee under § 22.9.

(2) If the hearing official finds that the payments called for under the Secretary's offset schedule will produce an extreme financial hardship for the employee, the hearing official shall establish an offset schedule that will result in the repayment of the debt in the shortest period of time without producing an extreme financial hardship for the employee.

§ 22.8 Written decision following a hearing.

(a) The hearing official shall issue to the Secretary and the employee a written opinion stating his or her decision, with a rationale supporting that decision, as soon as practicable after the hearing, but not later than 60 days after the employee files the petition requesting the hearing as provided in § 22.5(i).

(b) The written decision following a hearing will include:

(1) A statement of the facts presented to support the nature and origin of the alleged debt;

(2) The hearing official's analysis, findings, and conclusions, in light of the hearing, concerning the employee's or the Department's grounds;

(3) The amount and validity of the alleged debt; and

(4) The repayment schedule if applicable.

(c) In determining whether the Secretary's determination of the existence or amount of the employee's debt was

erroneous, the hearing official is governed by the relevant Federal statutes and regulations authorizing and implementing the programs giving rise to the debt, and by State law, if relevant.

§ 22.9 Standards for determining extreme financial hardship.

(a)(1) An offset produces an extreme financial hardship for an employee if the offset prevents the employee from meeting the costs necessarily incurred for essential subsistence expenses of the employee and his or her spouse and dependents.

(2) Ordinarily, essential subsistence expenses include only costs incurred for food, housing, clothing, transportation, and medical care.

(b) In determining whether an offset would prevent the employee from meeting the essential subsistence expenses described in paragraph (a) of this section, the hearing official shall require that the employee submit a detailed financial statement showing assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

§ 22.10 Review of Departmental records related to the debt.

(a) *Notification by employee.* An employee who intends to inspect or copy Departmental records related to the debt must make arrangements in conformance with the instructions in the Notice of Intent.

(b) *Secretary's response.* In response to a timely request submitted by the debtor, as described in paragraph (a) of this section, the Secretary will notify the employee of the location and time when the employee may inspect and copy Departmental records related to the debt.

§ 22.11 Coordinating offset with another Federal agency.

(a) *When Commerce is owed the debt.* When the Department is owed a debt by an employee of another agency, the Department will submit a written request to the paying agency to begin salary offset. This request will include certification as to the debt (including the amount and basis of the debt and the due date of the payment) and that the Department has complied with these regulations.